# REENTRY PACKET

Your Customized Guide to Support your Successful Transition



National Web-based Reentry Resource Center www.fairshake.net

#### This Reentry Packet has been customized for: Mr Fortier

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# Resources on Fair Shake's LBGTQ+ page



#### Black & Pink

Black & Pink is an open family of LGBTQ+ prisoners and "free world" allies who support each other. We are outraged by the specific violence of the prison industrial complex against LGBTQ people, and respond through advocacy, education, direct service, and organizing.

Black and Pink 6223 Maple St # 4428 Omaha, NE 68104 531-466-3346

Black & Pink has chapters in many cities including:
Boise, Buffalo, Chicago, Denver, New Orleans, New York City. San Diego and San Francisco: Flying Over Walls



#### **LGBT** Books to Prisoners

Volunteer-run organization that sends books and other educational materials, free of charge, to LGBT-identified people in prison across the US (except those in TX). Will send books in Spanish (enviar libros en Español). **Serves all states except Texas.** 

LBGT Books to Prisoners c/o Social Justice Center Incubator 1202 Williamson St #1 Madison, WI 53703 Igbtbookstoprisoners.org



# Prison Activist Resource Center LBGTQ+ Resources:

www.prisonactivist.org/resources/lgbtqi-focused-organizations-and-resources

Contact PARC PO Box 70447 Oakland CA 94612



#### <u>Inside Books Project</u>

Inside Books Project is an Austin-based community service volunteer organization that sends free books and educational materials to prisoners in Texas. Inside Books is the only books-to-prisoners program in Texas, where over 140,000 people are incarcerated. Inside Books Project works to promote reading, literacy,

and education among incarcerated individuals and to educate the general public on issues of incarceration. Write to them to find out about their Resource Guide.

Inside Books Project 3106 E. 14 1/2 Street Austin, Texas 78702

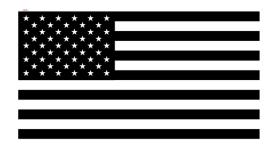
insidebooksproject.org

Just a few resources from our

# Veteran's Page

# Thank you for your service!

fairshake.net/veterans



This page was created to assist veterans who are, or have been, incarcerated. There are several resources on this page that may help reduce the pressures associated with reentry. Sadly, very few organizations provide mailing addresses any more. Fair Shake's Veteran's page is actually pretty large, but it has very few mailing addresses. Fair Shake continues to hold the Resource Guides that were available from 2012 -2016. Many of the organizations are still in operation so it"s worth it to check them out. Resource guides like that are just not available anymore. (They are in the software application, too, which is FREE to all prisons and jails.)

# Vets.gov Get the VA benefits you've earned www.vets.gov All resources available online only.

Disability Benefits, Health Care Benefits, Education Benefits, Housing Assistance, Careers and Employment, Life Insurance, Pension Benefits, Burials and Memorials, Family and Caregiver Benefits (Links to the forms are available on the Fair Shake website.)

#### **Wounded Warrior Project**

The WWP mission is to honor and empower Wounded Warriors who incurred a physical or mental injury, illnesses, or wound, co-incident to your military service on or after September 11, 2001.

Wounded Warrior Project 4899 Belfort Road, Suite 300 Jacksonville, FL 32256

PROJECT

www.woundedwarriorproject.org

ph: 877-832-6997

## Other resources found on the Veteran's Page:

Veteran Justice Outreach (VJO) Initiative

www.va.gov/homeless/vjo.asp

The Transition Assistance Program (TAP)

www.benefits.va.gov/vow/tap.asp

How Incarceration Affects Eligibility for VA Benefits

www.benefits.va.gov/PERSONA/veteran-incarcerated.asp

VA Benefits for Homeless Veterans

www.benefits.va.gov/PERSONA/veteran-homeless.asp

VETNET: A Career Service for Those Who've Served

www.vetnethq.com

Helmets to Hardhats: helmetstohardhats.org

Note: very few organizations offer mailing addresses any more. Much more information, including brochures and forms, can be found on the Fair Shake website and in the FREE software. (It's free for all prisons and jails to load onto any computer and share with you.)

Fair Shake is an OPEN resource. It is FREE for everyone to use!

# Support for folks with DIFFERENT ABILITIES / DIS-ABILITIES

More information can be found at fairshake.net/different-abilities



#### National Federation of the Blind nfb.org

200 East Wells Street at Jernigan Place

Baltimore, MD 21230 410-659-9314



National Disability Rights Network ndrn.org

820 First St. NE, Suite 740 TDD/TTY: 202-408-9521 Washington, DC 20002 Phone: 202-408-9514

Protection and Advocacy for People with Disabilities



#### Int'l Center for Disability Resources on the Internet icdri.org/legal/CAP.htm

The Client Assistance Program (CAP) is funded by taxpayers. It provides assistance, information and advocacy to people with disabilities who are getting or applying for services under the Rehabilitation Act. Programs include: Vocational Rehabilitation, Independent Living Services and more. Each State has its own programs.

**Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI & SSI)** ssa.gov/benefits/disability Social Security Administration Office of Public Inquiries and Communications Support 1100 West High Rise

6401 Security Blvd. Baltimore, MD 21235 TTY 800-325-0778 800-772-1213



Write for information to start your application before release! It's included in the Fair Shake software: fairshake.net/fici. Your supporters can find information at this link, too: ssa.gov/reentry/benefits.htm.



#### Social Security Disability Resource Center www.ssdrc.com

Private website created to "provide information about how Social Security Disability and SSI work" Nationally, and in NC specifically. Online only.



#### Vision Aware visionaware.org

An amazing website, loaded with information, webinars, support groups including special support for elders, veterans, children and much more. "VisionAware is a

free, easy-to-use informational service for adults with vision loss, their families, caregivers, healthcare providers, and social service professionals."

#### Expanding Employment Possibilities for People with Vision Loss! aphcareerconnect.org

The Arc thearc.org

The Arc of the United States 202-534-3700 1825 K Street NW, Suite 1200 800-433-5255

Washington DC 20006

The Arc.

e Arc serves as a bridge between the criminal justice and disability communities. We promote and protect the human rights of people with intellectual and developmental disabilities and actively support their full inclusion and participation in the community throughout their lifetime.

OlmsteadRights Olmsteadrights.org

Our mission is to help low-income people navigate complexities by providing information and resources for self-advocates, family and friends of people with disabilities, and legal advocates alike. Self-help Tools! Legal Advocacy Tools! Links to resources in every state! (web-based only)



## **Transition Tips**

Reentry can be both exciting and frustrating! Our attitude toward release from prison is that it should be a simple matter of getting resettled, resuming routines, and reestablishing your relationships; but reality proves there is much more to it than that. Here is a list of tips to consider that can help you go through the transition process:

- 1. **Mentally prepare for the adjustment process**. Be prepared for anything... especially the most challenging things like rejection, depression, anger and disappointment. Also, be prepared for things to be NOT as you expect them to be.
- 2. **Give yourself permission to ease into the transition.** Allow yourself the space and time to acclimate to your new environment. Don't worry if it takes you a little while to get used to things again. You'll need time to reflect upon what is going on around you.
- 3. **Understand that the familiar will seem different.** You have changed; home has changed. You will see familiar people, places, and behaviors from new perspectives.
- 4. Expect to do some 'cultural catching up'. Clothes, trends, language, and more have changed!
- 5. **Reserve judgments**. Reserve all judgments of others, but especially negative judgments; just as you would like to have others reserve judgments of you. Resist the impulse to make snap decisions.
- 6. **Expect mood swings.** It is entirely possible for you to feel ecstatic one moment and completely defeated a short time later. It's okay; it is a part of the process.
- 7. Allow sufficient time for reflection and self-analysis. Your most valid and valuable analysis of an event is likely to take place after allowing time for reflection. Consider your core values and determine how you can live within them.
- 8. **Respond to inquiries thoughtfully and carefully.** Prepare to greet surprise questions with a calm, thoughtful approach. If you find yourself being overly defensive or aggressive, take a deep breath and relax.
- 9. **Seek support networks.** Don't isolate yourself! There are people who want to help you through your transition. You will find them if you look...
- 10. **Volunteer.** A great way to connect to community, build references and network with people and possibilities is to volunteer.

#### To prepare yourself for upcoming challenges, it is safe to expect the following:

- You will have to prove yourself (over and over and over).
- People will make many assumptions about who you are now.
- You will be different than when you left; your family and friends will be different, too!
- People will expect a lot from you.
- The way you'd hoped things would be will be different from the way they are.
- You will feel down or depressed after the initial return 'honeymoon' period. Please refer to our Culture Shock! page for further transition considerations.



#### **Working Through Depression**

**Depression** *noun* Severe, typically prolonged, feelings of despondency and dejection, typically felt over a period of time and accompanied by feelings of hopelessness and inadequacy. (source: the Oxford (online) Dictionary)

As Americans, it is common to feel like we are supposed to be happy. TIME magazine\* recently announced "Americans are wired to be happy", and reminded us that we made the pursuit of happiness "a central mandate of the national character" when we declared it a basic human right.

With so much emphasis placed on feeling good, it should come as no surprise that when we don't feel happy, we may feel like something is wrong.

In fact, when we feel lonely, inadequate or disheartened as we search for meaning in our lives, our friends and family and even professionals often encourage us to strive to feel good again - as soon as possible - whether through distractions (shopping, media and superficial social connections, etc) or pain relievers (drugs, alcohol, food). It is rare to receive sympathy and support to simply *feel* our discomfort as we reflect, contemplate, grow, and become stronger and more capable through a natural and important process.

When we experience painful emotions we often feel alone. Sometimes we think we are the only person who feels this sad, hurt, alone or lost. However, people all over the world experience these difficult feelings.

Painful emotions are not bad; they are actually powerful guides to self-fulfillment.

- They help us clarify our values.
- They help us find meaning in our lives and see our unique perspective and qualities.
- They allow us to stop moving forward for a moment so we can reflect and think critically.
- They can motivate us through tough spots to more deliberately plot out our life course.
- They help us understand the suffering of others; and realize that we are not alone when we suffer.

All of our emotions - the pleasant ones and the difficult ones - are vital for our well-being!

We will most likely feel grief, loss, powerlessness, disrespected, compromised, inauthentic, abandoned, anxious, overwhelmed, unworthy, melancholy, or even a sense of hopelessness at some point in our lives, yet none of us will experience depression in the same way as anyone else. The good news is: we can work through most forms of depression without drugs. Everything we need is either already in our possession or can be found in the natural world around us.

There are many books, classes, groups, articles, and television shows on depression. The content of this brief document does not support or refute any existing information. Our sole intention here is to reinforce a positive and enabling perspective about growing through tough emotions rather than denying them through distractions or pain relievers. We grow in important ways through our human challenges.

Depression is related to our thinking; our perception of our memories, our fears, our failures, our hopes. It's mostly a modern illness and has been growing consistently since the industrial age which, paradoxically, is celebrated for making our lives easier. According to Dr. Stephen Ilardi, author of *The Depression Cure*, indigenous cultures – who are dedicated to living in connection to their environment and to each other – do not experience depression.

When we feel sad, hopeless or depressed, we often feel like we don't have a choice in how we experience these feelings....but we almost always do. We can't eliminate depression by pretending we can 'let it go' without effort. We begin to rise out of it by looking at our situation through a different perspective. We can see different perspectives by considering philosophical, psychological and sociological concepts. This sounds rather 'academic', but we've been using techniques identified in these fields of study everyday since we were very young.



Below are just a few of these perspectives that we use everyday:

**Pessimism vs Optimism:** (inspired by Dr. Martin Seligman)

**Optimism** noun Hopefulness and confidence about the future or the successful outcome of something. (source: the Oxford (online) Dictionary)

**Pessimism** *noun* A tendency to see the worst aspect of things or believe that the worst will happen; a lack of hope or confidence in the future.

(source: the Oxford (online) Dictionary)

**Optimists** believe that tough times are temporary, that hurdles build character and that most problems are surmountable. An optimistic perspective uses a Specific, External and Temporary lens (see below). We are optimists when we can see solutions, and also when we realize situations will change and beneficial opportunities will again present themselves.

Optimism is a tool with a certain clear set of benefits: it fights depression, it promotes achievement and produces better health. ~ Dr. Martin Seligman

**Pessimists** focus on what's wrong and what's difficult; they believe they are victims. They blame others for their situation. They believe that they are inadequate to fend off tough times, which are constantly threatening. A pessimistic perspective looks through a Permanent, Personal, and Pervasive (PPP) lens. We are pessimists when we believe we are incapable of doing whatever it is we need / want to do, when we blame outside forces for our situation or experience, when we want to give up, and when we believe we cannot create the life we want.

The difference between Optimistic (SET) vs. Pessimistic (PPP) perspectives:

**Pervasiveness:** Specific (*I'm great at fixing bikes.*) vs. Universal (*I can fix things.*)

**Personal:** External (*I have no luck.*) vs. Internal (*I have no talent.*)

**Permanence:** Temporary (*I am not good at this right now.*) vs Permanent (*I am bad at this.*)

**Hope:** Hopeful (I'll be able to fix this.) vs. Hopeless (It can't be fixed, I have to buy a new one.)

Each perspective can be interpreted as a personal belief system, a self-fulfilling prophesy. Most of us are both pessimists *and* optimists, depending on the situation and our perception of our capabilities. Just as we can pick up good habits and let go of bad habits, so, too, can we learn to be optimistic and to drop pessimism.

And as with any habit, we can improve our ability and change our perspective over time by staying focused on meaning, values, and the long-term results.

To lift ourselves out of depression, and switch from a pessimistic to an optimistic perspective, we need to have faith.

#### Filters of Faith:

**Faith** *noun* Complete trust or confidence in someone or something

(source: the Oxford (online) Dictionary)

We have faith when we believe in something even when we don't have proof.

Example: I have faith that I will get to the grocery store without getting into an accident.

Faith itself does not require belief in a particular religion; but belief in any religion requires faith!

To switch from a pessimistic perspective to an optimistic one, we need to have faith that optimism will help us reach our goal; and that pessimism is not how things really are. Remember *The Little Engine That Could*? "I think I can, I think I can." We are capable of doing very difficult things!



#### Can you believe

- that you have inherent worth, and that you are as important and valuable as everyone else?
- that your situation, problem or feeling is temporary?
- that a series of complex circumstances is what brought you to this point; not who you are?
- that all things change?...and that your situation is temporary and you will be able to get through it?
- that you have the power to change your attitude, your perception and your opportunities?

**Dr. Stephen Ilardi**, author of *The Depression Cure*, has been inspired by studying the resilience found in aboriginal groups who rarely suffer from depression. He suggests we integrate the following six elements into our lifestyle. Try the item that feels the most comfortable for you...and after a while add another. After a week or so, reflect on how you feel. Then add a 3<sup>rd</sup> and reflect on that experience, etc.

- **1. The Omega-3-Rich Diet:** Sources of omega-3 essential fatty acids include fish, kidney and pinto beans, soybeans, canola and flaxseed oils, walnuts and vegetables such as broccoli, cauliflower, Brussels sprouts, kale, spinach, and salad greens.
- **2. Exercise:** Dr. Stephen llardi says: Even moderate physical activity brisk walking three times a week has been shown in two landmark studies to fight depression as effectively as Zoloft. Simply put: exercise changes the brain. You can start with small increments of time. Make exercise one of your healthy habits!
- **3. Plenty of natural sunlight:** Get outside, even when it's cloudy. Sunlight supports the creation of vitamin D, a necessary nutrient for mental health and strong bones.
- **4. Quality Sleep:** Sun, fresh air, exercise, and fully engaging in life will help you get a good night's sleep.
- **5. Social Connections**: One of our most basic human needs is belonging. Calls and letters with family and friends, participating in team sports and/or book clubs, volunteering and helping others all contribute to the feeling we belong and are cared about. Another basic need is independence. Remember to take thoughtful and creative time just for you, then you can share your thoughtful and creative self with others!
- **6. Participation in Meaningful Tasks:** This leave little time for negative thoughts. Consider concepts in philosophy. Another basic human need is having a sense of purpose, self-worth, and meaning. We determine these by our thoughts; we demonstrate them through our actions.

#### **Inspiration from great thinkers:**

"Participating in meaningful tasks" has been a central theme to many philosophers, psychotherapists and other great thinkers, and has played an important role in of the process of reducing or transforming suffering for thousands of years.

**<u>Buddhism</u>**, a 2500 year old philosophy practiced like a religion, focuses on creating a meaningful life to alleviate suffering. By studying Buddhist ideas, we can learn to understand why we suffer. People can participate in any religion and still benefit from The Four Noble Truths:

<u>First Noble Truth:</u> To live is to experience physical and psychological suffering. We have to endure physical suffering like sickness, injury, tiredness, old age and eventually death; we have to endure psychological suffering like loneliness, frustration, fear, embarrassment, disappointment, anger, etc.

<u>Second Noble Truth:</u> All suffering is caused by craving. (Getting what you want does not guarantee happiness / satisfaction). Rather than constantly struggling to get what you want, try to modify your wanting. Wanting deprives us of contentment and happiness.



The Third Noble Truth: Suffering can be overcome and happiness attained.

<u>The Fourth Noble Truth:</u> This is the path leading to the overcoming of suffering. This path is called the Noble Eightfold Path and consists of Perfect Understanding, Perfect Thought, Perfect Speech, Perfect Action, Perfect Livelihood, Perfect Effort, Perfect Mindfulness, and Perfect Concentration.

**It's easy to find out more about Buddhism.** Hundreds of books are available. Some Buddhist authors include: Thích Nhất Hạnh, Pema Chodron, the 14th Dalai Lama and Alan Watts

**Friedrich Nietzsche**, the late 19<sup>th</sup> century German Philosopher offers some bolstering guotes:

- To live is to suffer; to survive is to find some meaning in the suffering.
- He who has a why to live can bear almost any how.
- That which does not kill us makes us stronger.

<u>Victor Frankl</u> – Psychiatrist, neurologist, Holocaust survivor and author of *Man's Search for Meaning* has many empowering thoughts on this topic. Frankl observed that depression is a person's 'warning light' that something is wrong and needs to be worked through. He believed that each of us needs to identify a purpose in life to feel positively about (meaning), and then immersively imagine that outcome. According to Frankl, the way a prisoner imagined the future affected his longevity.

The one thing you can't take away from me is the way I choose to respond to what you do to me. The last of one's freedoms is to choose one's attitude in any given circumstance.

He believed that meaning can be found through:

- Creativity and self-expression
- Interacting authentically with others and with our environment
- Changing our attitude when we are faced with a situation or circumstance we cannot change

More recently, **Dr. Martin Seligman**, considered the father of the Positive Psychology movement, professor emeritus at Pennsylvania State University, and author of many books on improving one's quality of life, believes that meaning and character play an important role in creating a satisfying life. Seligman articulated an account of the good life, which consists of five elements called the PERMA model:

#### P: Positive Emotion

For us to experience well-being, we need positive emotion in our lives. Any positive emotion like peace, gratitude, satisfaction, pleasure, inspiration, hope, curiosity, or love falls into this category – and the message is that it's really important to enjoy yourself in the here and now, just as long as the other elements of PERMA are in place.

#### E: Engagement

When we're truly engaged in a situation, task, or project, we experience a state of flow: time seems to stop, we lose our sense of self, and we concentrate intensely on the present. This feels really good! The more we experience this type of engagement, the more likely we are to experience well-being.

#### R: Positive Relationships

As humans, we are "social beings," and good relationships are core to our well-being. Time and again, we see that people who have meaningful, positive relationships with others are happier than those who do not. Relationships really do matter!



#### M: Meaning

Meaning comes from serving a cause bigger than ourselves. Whether this is a specific deity or religion, or a cause that helps humanity in some way, we all need meaning in our lives to have a sense of well-being.

#### A: Accomplishment/Achievement

Many of us strive to better ourselves in some way, whether we're seeking to master a skill, achieve a valuable goal, or win in some competitive event. As such, accomplishment is another important thing that contributes to our ability to flourish.

#### Quotes by Dr. Seligman:

- We're not prisoners of the past.
- Just as the good life is something beyond the pleasant life, the meaningful life is beyond the good life.
- We deprive our children, our charges, of persistence. What I am trying to say is that we need to fail, children need to fail, we need to feel sad, anxious and anguished. If we impulsively protect ourselves and our children, as the feel-good movement suggests, we deprive them of learning-persistence skills
- Self-esteem cannot be directly injected. It needs to result from doing well, from being warranted.
- Habits of thinking need not be forever. One of the most significant findings in psychology in the last twenty years is that individuals can choose the way they think.

**Positive self-talk you can try on to see if it fits:** Life is meaningful and engaging and human, even when it's hard. I will get through this, just like I've been able to get through so many other difficult things.

**We need:** Food, air, water. These components will help to keep our bodies running, but our mind is a necessary part of our bodies and our mind is programmed with needs of its own.

**We also need:** To feel we are valuable. We need to be around others and to feel like we belong. At the same time, we need our independence! Being on our own helps us feel strong, capable, creative and unique.

Depression can happen when we don't believe we can change the course of our lives. It can also happen when we feel we are incapable of doing things for ourselves.

Sometimes the source of suffering can come from our relationships to others. We may feel we don't fit in, or we are being used, or we feel like we are not valuable to others.

Sometimes we feel like all we need is a partner/lover/other intimate relationship to feel better about ourselves, but others cannot fill our inner void. Relationships can be supportive and beneficial; and they can also deplete our power and resources and challenge our self-worth. We must consider: what must I give and what do I gain by maintaining this relationship? Is it worth the cost? Am I valued, honored and respected? Can I offer the same? Remember:

- All relationships involve choices, compromises, and commitments (investments).
- We must weigh the degree to which we are willing to give up our authenticity and individuality to belong to a group or commit to an intimate relationship:
  - Do we raise the bar so high that no one is 'good enough' to be around us?
  - Do we drop the bar so low that we find we are involved with people who don't share our values, don't value us, or even abuse us or take us for granted?



#### **Manufactured Desires**

An especially tricky part to all of this is recognizing when marketers, TV personalities and even close family and friends try to influence our values, needs and desires to fit their motives or goals.

If we look deeper into our suffering we can find that some of the things we suffer from do not originate from our values, our needs or our desires, but are manufactured 'needs' as a result of the media's attempt to homogenize our fears and desires through news, TV shows, slick advertising and emotionally appealing marketing.

We are told we are inadequate, unsafe, unhealthy, and unattractive unless we purchase certain products, desire to look and think a certain way, or buy into fear. TV 'experts' are often just sales people wearing lab coats.

We take command of our lives when we raise our awareness and think critically about their intent. Do they really know what's best for us? When we know our core values, we can refer to them and hold them up to their attempts to influence our decisions. When we maintain control of our lives we feel strong, and when we feel strong, it is much harder to feel depressed and powerless. We are too busy driving our ship!

When we examine our core values, we realize that we know what's best for us. Our core values are necessary for healthy living; they help us make good decisions, gain confidence and fully engage our abilities.

Getting through...moment by moment...can be the hardest part. But we can do it!

#### Tips to encourage you during depression:

- Try to remember that how you are feeling is temporary and just your momentary perception, like a cloudy day seems to have no sun. The sun is there; we can have faith it will again brighten our day.
- Read uplifting and motivating books, articles, and Daily Motivators (www.greatday.com)
- Drink lots of water
- Start with small achievable goals and stay focused
- Talk with someone about your experience. Remember: you are not alone.
- Eat fruit, vegetables, and food high in Essential Fatty Acids
- Exercise outdoors! Get fresh air, sunlight and breathe deeply!
- Get involved in a meaningful, social activity such as volunteering to support your community.
- Have FAITH in yourself! You can conguer your depression and engage in life in a positive way!

#### Recommended reading:

Man's Search for Meaning	Viktor Frankl PhD
"Learned Optimism" and "Flourish"	Martin Seligman, PhD
The Depression Cure	Stephen Ilardi, PhD
Plato, not Prozac!	Lou Marinoff, PhD
Pooks on Buddhism	Thíoh Nhất Hanh Doma

Books on Buddhism......Thích Nhất Hạnh, Pema Chodron, Allan Watts

and many more



# Relationships - Proceed With Caution

The Mental Health Foundation defines relationships as 'the way in which two or more people are connected, or the state of being connected'. Relationships include the intimate relationships we have with our partners, ties that we form with our parents, siblings and grandparents; and th bonds that we form socially with our friends, work colleagues, teachers, healthcare professionals and community.

If you don't trust people, people will not trust you. - Lao Tzu

You don't see things as they are. You see them as you are. - Talmud

More from the Mental Health Foundation:

Relationships are one of the most important aspects of our lives, yet we can often forget just how crucial our connections with other people are for our physical and mental health and wellbeing. People who are more socially connected to family, friends, or their community are happier, physically healthier and live longer, with fewer mental health problems than people who are less well connected.

It's not the number of friends you have, and it's not whether or not you're in a committed relationship; it's the quality of your close relationships that matters. Living in conflict or within a toxic relationship is more damaging than being alone. As a society and as individuals, we must invest in building and maintaining good relationships and tackling the barriers to forming them.

Having close, positive relationships can give us a purpose and sense of belonging. Loneliness and isolation remain the key predictors for poor psychological and physical health. Having a lack of good relationships and long-term feelings of loneliness have been shown by a range of studies to be associated with higher rates of mortality, poor physical health outcomes and lower life satisfaction. In seeking to combat loneliness and isolation, however, we need to be aware that poor-quality relationships can be toxic and worse for our mental health than being alone. Research shows that people in unhappy or negative relationships have significantly worse outcomes than those who are isolated or have no relationships.

Longer working hours, money problems and less time to spend with family have been reported as some of the most important stress factors for relationships. Having few close relationships has been linked to higher rates of depression and stress in older adults.

Engaging in community helps us feel connected, supported and gives us a sense of belonging. Involvement in local activities, such as volunteering or playing sports as part of a team, has been shown to improve mental health and wellbeing.

When it comes to keeping physically well, we recognize that exercise and eating well require commitment and dedication. We need to adopt a similar approach to building and maintaining good relationships! For many of us, our approach to building and maintaining relationships is passive – it is something we do subconsciously and without deliberate effort. We often overlook that it requires an investment of time to maintain good relationships.

Five things we can do to build our feelings of connection:

- 1. Put more time aside to connect with friends and family.
- 2. Try to be present in the moment and be there for your loved ones.
- 3. Actively listen to what others are saying and concentrate on their needs in that moment.
- 4. Share how you are feeling, honestly, and allow yourself to be listened to and supported.
- 5. Foster healthy relationships: being around positive people can increase our mental and our physical health!

www.fairshake.net



#### Tips for building relationships and learning to trust:

- Be honest with yourself. If you are honest with yourself, you can be honest with other people
- Express your concerns
- Go slowly! Do not idealize the situation; consider the relationship clearly and thoughtfully
- Build trust step by step. Start trusting each other in small matters
- Trust is a perception of honesty; competence and value similarly are essential
- · We creatively build our reality through social interaction using social structure as our guiding behavior
- Remember: The judgments we make about others depend not only on their behavior but on our interpretation of the social situation

#### Love and Relationships

Regardless of how old we are, if we can think, we have thought about love. We know the definition is very broad, but we often allow ourselves to be duped into thinking "love" means "romantic relationship". Love certainly includes romantic relationships, but it is really so much more.

#### Almost everyone wants:

- To feel valued / valuable.
- To love and feel loved.
- To feel safe.
- To make sense of our life.
- To share joys and sorrows with close friends or family.

#### Why do we lie?

- To look good. We choose to present an image of ourselves as attractive and desirable. We are afraid to share information that may make us look bad.
- To avoid unpleasantness. We conceal information that we believe may cause conflict. We go to great lengths to create false, superficial harmony. We get to know ourselves and each other better as we reveal and negotiate our differences.
- To avoid hurting feelings. We don't want to upset people by saying something that might hurt or make them angry.

Detecting lies can be difficult. Scrutinize three elements: voice, body language, and facial expression. Other possible signs of loss of trust: withholding information, mixed messages, refusing to negotiate.



#### Basic Sociological and Relationship Concepts

#### **Uncertainty Reduction Theory:**

Uncertainty is unpleasant and therefore motivational; people communicate to reduce it.

Strangers, upon meeting, go through certain steps and checkpoints in order to reduce uncertainty about each other and form an idea of whether one likes or dislikes the other. The contents of the exchanges are often demographic and transactional. Where are you from? Do you have any pets? Demographic information is obtained: sex, age, economic, or social status.

When the new acquaintances are ready to get to know each other better, they begin to explore the attitudes and beliefs of the other by asking questions about values, morals, and personal issues. They feel less constrained by rules and norms and tend to communicate more freely with each other. One factor which reduces uncertainty between communicators is the degree of similarity individuals perceive in each other (in background, attitudes, and appearance).

#### Three basic ways people seek information about another person:

- Passive observation only, no contact
- Active ask others about the person in question
- Interactive communicate directly with the person

The primary determinant of individual behavior is the social situation in which that behavior occurs. Social roles, competition, or the mere presence of others can profoundly influence how we behave. We usually adapt our behavior to the demands of the social situation, and in ambiguous situations we take our cues from the behavior of others.

#### **Terms**

Social Construction of Reality: Refers to the process by which individuals build reality through social interaction. While statuses and roles structure our lives, we shape our patterns of interaction with others. People build reality from the surrounding culture. Therefore, perceptions of reality vary both within a single society and among societies the world over.

**Social Norms:** "Unwritten rules." Adjustment to a group typically involves discovering its social norms. Two ways: Noticing uniformities and observing negative consequences.

**Social Reality:** Subjective interpretations of other people and of our relationships. Social Reality determines whom we find attractive, whom we find threatening, whom we seek out and whom we avoid. The judgments we make about others depend not only on their behavior but on our interpretations of the social situation.

**Principle of Proximity:** Frequent contact best predicts our closest relationships.

**Self-Disclosure:** Sends signals of trust. "Here is a piece of information that I want you to know about me, and I trust you not to hurt me with it."

Nonverbal Communication: This concept refers to communication using, not speech, but body movements, gestures, and facial expressions. Types of body language – smiles, eye contact, and hand movements. Most nonverbal communication is culture-specific. Three ways in which emotional life differs cross-culturally include: (1) what triggers an emotion, (2) how people display emotions according to the norms of culture, and (3) how people cope with emotions.

**Similarity:** People usually find it more rewarding to strike up a friendship with someone who shares their attitudes, interests, values, and experiences. If we have just discovered that we share tastes in music, politics, and attitudes toward education, we will probably hit it if off because we have, in effect, exchanged compliments that reward each other for our tastes and attitudes. Most people find marriage partners of the same age, race, social status, attitudes, and values.



#### Terms Continued...

Expectancy-Value Theory: People usually decide whether to pursue a relationship by weighing the value they see in another person against their expectation of success in the relationship (Will the other person be attracted to me?). People with low opinions of themselves tend to establish relationships with people who share their views, that is, with people who devalue them. On the other hand, individuals who appear to be extremely competent can be intimidating; we fear they will reject our approaches. When highly competent individuals commit minor blunders, however, we like them better.

Cognitive Dissonance Theory: Mental adjustments that account for people who voluntarily undergo unpleasant experiences. When people's cognitions and actions are in conflict (dissonance) they often reduce the conflict by changing their thinking (cognition) to fit their behavior. This explains why smokers rationalize their habit.

Becoming an Ex: This experience is common to most people in modern society. Unlike individuals in earlier cultures who usually spent their entire lives in one career, one marriage, one religion, or one geographic locality; people living in today's world tend to move in and out of many roles in the course of a lifetime. It's hard to shake former roles, however, so the 'ex' must repeatedly demonstrate the behaviors of the new roles they are in.

Cooperation can change people: Working with diverse people we learn all people are just people, not objects to be hated and/or loved for their perceived and distant media or culture-derived social value. We share a small country and a small planet! We are mutually interdependent on each other. Whether we recognize this or not, we have a working relationship based on shared goals.

Power of the Situation: Can have a strong influence! What happens when you put good people in an evil place? Check out this simulation study of the psychology of imprisonment, called the Stanford Prison Experiment, conducted in 1971: http://www.prisonexp.org/

**Discrimination:** A negative behavior, an action taken against an individual as a result of her or his group membership.

The source of discrimination and prejudice that is perhaps the most pervasive is an unthinking tendency to maintain conditions the way they are:

- Even when those conditions involve unfair assumptions prejudices and customs. If similarity breeds liking, then dissimilarity can breed disdain.
- Find commonalities! Social distance can make it easier to treat members of an 'out-group' with contempt.

Fundamental Attribution Error: We tend to attribute other peoples actions and misfortunes to their personal traits rather than to situational forces. This helps explain why we often hear attribution of laziness or low intelligence to people who aren't wildly financially successful.

For ourselves, however, we attribute our success to internal factors, such as motivation, talent or skill. We attribute our failures to external factors beyond our control, called a self-serving bias; probably rooted in the need for self-esteem due to social pressures to excel.

**Prejudice:** A negative attitude toward an individual based solely on his or her membership in a particular group. Prejudiced attitudes serve as filers that influence the way others are perceived and treated. Discrimination is a negative behavior, an action taken against an individual as a result of her or his group membership.

#### **EMOTIONS: THE BASICS**

By: Tony Schirtzinger - www.helpyourselftherapy.com

What every eight-year-old should know, and most adults have never been taught, about the emotions that run our lives.

#### Basics #1

#### YOUR NEEDS AND WANTS

This topic explains what your feelings are, how to use them to help yourself, and how to overcome the ones that get in your way.

This information applies to every second of your life and every decision you will ever make.

Learning to apply the concepts in these few short pages can go a long way toward improving your life!

Keep these pages close at hand and use them regularly.

YOUR ENERGY AND YOUR FEELINGS We get our physical energy from taking care of our bodies well – not perfectly, and not obsessively. We only need to eat, sleep, and exercise well enough in order for our feelings to give us all of the information we require about our needs and wants, and all the energy we'll need to address them.

Feelings are actually energy surges which tell us, very specifically, what we want or need.

When our feelings are strong enough to grab our attention, we can be certain that we'll have sufficient energy to handle things.

YOUR NEEDS Needs are about survival. We would die if we didn't get what we need. An adult needs the same things an infant needs. We need: food, air, space, exercise, temperature control (avoiding being too hot or too cold), and to eliminate waste efficiently.

We also need attention or "strokes" from each other. We don't need anything else!

#### YOUR NEED FOR ATTENTION OR "STROKES" A "stroke" is a unit of recognition. When we receive a stroke, we are being noticed by someone.

Infants need strokes to survive. Adults want strokes so much that getting attention (just being recognized) is the strongest want we will ever experience in our lives.

FOUR KINDS OF STROKES		
TYPE OF STROKES	THE ATTENTION COMES FROM:	EXAMPLE:
Conditional Positive	People who like something you did.	"I like how you did that."
Conditional Negative	People who do not like something you did.	"I don't like that about you."
Unconditional Positive	People who like the whole you.	"I love you!"
Unconditional Negative	People who do not like the whole you.	"You are worthless!"

Get good at understanding... and deeply absorbing... the first three.

And be sure to powerfully turn down and throw away all the "Unconditional Negative Strokes" you ever receive!

THE FIRST SIGN OF
DISCOMFORT
Some people ignore their needs.
They live in pain and may die from it. Most of us don't ignore our needs. We notice our need but then

we wait while the discomfort turns to pain.

Don't wait!

Get good at noticing the very first feeling of discomfort! Avoid emotional problems by taking care of your physical needs at the first sign of discomfort!
TRIGGERS FOR FEELINGS
Feelings are triggered by reality or fantasy. (It's always one or the other, never both.) REALITY

comes to us through our senses. If we can see it, hear it, taste it, smell it, or feel it on our skin, then it is real.

FANTASY is all mental activity – including thoughts, memories, dreams, ideas, etc.
Fantasy doesn't come TO us, it comes FROM us – from our own brains.

If we only think it, it might be true or it might be false – but it is not real!

FEELINGS WE CREATE
Feelings that start in our brains
rather than in our senses
are unnecessary and optional,
because they are not real. If we
create painful feelings, we will need

to change how we think in order to feel better. If we create pleasurable feelings, that's great – as long as we remember we are only imagining. Sometimes we create feelings which are so strong that they hide our real feelings from our senses. When we do this, we are out of touch with reality, and in real danger of making serious mistakes.

#### Basics #2:

#### YOUR NATURAL FEELINGS

THE NATURAL, REAL FEELINGS Feelings that start in our senses are natural responses to the real world.

When we notice real anger, or sadness, or scare, we notice that something is wrong in our lives.

When we notice real joy or excitement, we notice that something is right in our lives. Natural feelings are always trustable. Learn what they are saying to you. Use them well.

TYPES OF FEELINGS There are 5 natural and necessary feelings: EXCITED, SAD, MAD, GLAD, SCARED.

There are many other unnatural and unnecessary feelings – and all of them cause problems. Guilt, shame, and imagined fear are by far the most common and troublesome of these. ("The Basics #3" is about these.)

# THREE HUGE QUESTIONS THAT AFFECT OUR FEELINGS

When any feeling starts, we are immediately faced with three huge questions, and we tend to automatically answer them in less than a second:

- 1) Will you admit to yourself what you are feeling? If you don't, you'll feel "out of touch" or "crazy" or uncentered.
- 2) Will you express the feeling either alone or with someone else? If you don't, you are giving up the chance for relief.
- 3) Will you take action to improve things? If you don't, you are giving up the chance to improve your future.

When we are having problems, we need to slow down this automatic process so that it takes longer than a second or two. This will allow us to think through each step instead of relying on old habits.

#### THE FIVE NATURAL FEELINGS Use this information so you will always know what you want and feel. THE FEELING: WHEN YOU FEEL IT: WHAT TO DO FIRST: WHAT TO DO NEXT: When you've LOST Feel it through thoroughly, to something, or when Work to replace what you've lost **SADNESS** notice how important the loss something important is or what is missing. MISSING from your life. When there is a BLOCK Work toward getting past the Feel it through thoroughly, to block powerfully, wisely, and ANGER / MAD between you and what notice how powerful you are. you want. safely. Feel it immediately - in a Tune into your senses (what you When your EXISTENCE FEAR / SCARED second or less - and notice the see, hear, smell, taste or feel) is threatened. danger. and protect yourself! When you are ON Feel it through thoroughly, to **EXCITEMENT** YOUR WAY to notice how good you feel about Enjoy it for the fun of it! something you want. what's coming. Feel it through thoroughly, so When You've GOT What you notice how happy you are JOY Enjoy it for the fun of it! You Want. and how good you are at getting what you want.

HOW TO FIND EACH FEELING IN YOUR BODY	
1st	Remember a time when you felt each feeling very strongly.
2nd	Recall what was going on when you felt the feeling so strongly.  Remember it in enough detail so that you actually start to feel the feeling again.
3rd	Notice where, in your body, you feel each emotion. (Find your "sad spot," your "angry spot," etc.)
4th	Describe what you feel in your body. Use adjectives like tight, weak, empty, heavy, light, etc.
5th	REMEMBER what you learn by doing this. Do this exercise over a few times if needed.

You will need this information to know who you are and what you want and to make every decision you will ever make.

#### Basics #3: UNNATURAL FEELINGS

#### ABOUT GUILT

Since guilt is not a natural, necessary emotion, it blocks and wastes our energy.

# Guilt is a cover-up for which anger, which leaves us feeling sad.

We wonder: "Why am I so sluggish and irritable?"

On the surface we feel: SAD or DEPRESSED

We've been telling ourselves things like:

"I shouldn't be angry. I should be understanding."

"That person didn't mean to hurt me."

"I'm too sensitive."

"I should just take the mistreatment."

"I don't deserve better."

Down deep we feel: ANGRY

Make A Conscious Choice: Will I admit to myself that I'm angry or will I keep feeling guilty and be depressed?

# BE PROUD OF YOUR ANGER!

It's there to protect you. Let it do its job!

#### **ABOUT SHAME**

Since shame is not a natural, necessary emotion, it blocks and wastes our energy.

# Shame is a deep belief in our own worthlessness. It comes directly from being shamed as a child.

We wonder: "Why don't I seem to care what happens to me like other people do?"

On the surface we feel: VERY SAD and "HOPELESS."

We've been telling ourselves things like:

"I'm no good. I just don't feel worthwhile."

"I wonder what's wrong with me, but most of the time I just don't care."

"I might as well have a drink (or a drug, or take a big risk)."

Down deep we feel: MOSTLY SAD, BUT FEARFUL & ANGRY TOO.

Make A Conscious Choice: Will I keep believing those people who shamed me or will I treat myself well and be happier?

# Know that anyone who shamed you was wrong!

# ABOUT IMAGINED FEAR Since imagined fear is not a natural, necessary emotion, it blocks and wastes our energy.

Imagined fear is a feeling we create to cover deeper feeling which bother us more. We wonder: Why am I afraid? Why do I always ask: What if? Why don't I stop scaring myself?

On the surface we feel: FEAR

We've been telling ourselves: I hate being afraid.
I wish I could do what other people do, and not be afraid. I wish I'd stop thinking about every single bad thing that could happen.

Down deep we feel: USUALLY SAD. SOMETIMES SHAME

Make A Conscious Choice: Will I always feel scared or will I face and overcome my deeper bad feelings?

Face what you feel that bothers you more!

You will get past the deeper feelings. But creating fear can last forever!

# All other created feelings that feel bad.

It is possible to create any feeling – and any created feeling that feels bad will block and waste our energy.

All imagined feelings are habitual feelings we create to cover deeper, real feelings that bother us more.

We wonder: Why do I keep feeling this same feeling all the time, even when I know it's not necessary?

On the surface we feel: THE CREATED FEELING.

We've been telling ourselves: I hate feeling this all the time. I wish I'd feel and do a wider range of things like other people do.
Why can't I stop making myself feel this way?

Down deep we feel: Real feelings that seem too much to handle.

Make A Conscious Choice: Will I keep feeling this way or will I face and overcome the deeper bad feelings?

You can overcome the deeper feelings alone or with help, but the habitual feeling you are creating could go on forever.

Face the feelings that bother you more!

Stop covering them with your "favorite" bad feeling!

These three topics contain the most important information I have for you.

I originally wrote "The Basics" around 1985. I refer to these concepts many times every day in my work with others and in dealing with my own dilemmas.

I sincerely hope you will keep this information readily available and use it frequently.

Use it whenever you feel stuck in bad feelings, when you want to feel more joy and excitement, and when you feel the healthy urge to look inward.

#### I WISH YOU THE RICHEST, HEALTHIEST, HAPPIEST LIFE YOU CAN ARRANGE!

Tony would like very much to hear your thoughts and experiences as you apply the information provided here. Please send your comments to Fair Shake, and I'll pass them on to Tony! I will then send his responses back to you, if you would like to hear what he thinks.

Fair Shake PO Box 63 Westby, WI 54667

Tony shares more great insights at www.HelpYourselfTherapy.com

# INFLUENCE

Mmmmm...I can almost taste the steamy, hot pizza slice on the television screen. I know that what I see is just an image, but my mouth still waters. My mind and body have been influenced by advertising which, hopefully, will be short-lived.



Throughout our lives, and often unconsciously, we are influenced. Events, experiences and ideas can change our life without our permission (especially throughout our early years!). As we get older, we start to learn that we have some power to decide how things influence us. We still mostly react to what comes at us from friends, family, co-workers, other people in the world, movies, advertising, television, social media, weather, animals, history, our projections (including fear, expectations and overconfidence) and much, much more...but by our teens we learn that we can call BS on something we don't think is right.

We influence others, too, of course: we smile, we say a kind word or a cruel word, we try to convince others to see our point of view.

Popular culture encourages us to believe we are easily influenced. We are pummeled with TV advertisements telling us to 'ask our doctor' to give us drugs...but then the newscasters tell us that the Sackler family is responsible for our addiction. What no one says is that we can say 'no' to the whole game. You won't see an ad or a news story telling you that you don't need to buy one product or service to share your unique and awesome power and gifts with the world!

We are persuadable, certainly, but we can push back on at least some of what we don't like. We can be stubborn and immoveable when we feel it's important. We can learn to include our intentions in our response, reducing the likelihood that these powerful attempts to influence us will distract us from our goals.

In our early years we were not able to choose the impact of the influencers. We were shaped by them. In our early teens, we were told that our choices were limited and we should just comply with the status quo: to believe authorities and experts know what's best.

But we're fickle. We may hear, we may comply, and play the part, but many of us today find ways to be our authentic selves. Sometimes we are accepted for being different, but often we are encouraged to fit into a group. Our boundaries are useful here; we can be open to ideas – even when they are delivered by a powerful persuader, but then we can stop...and think! We can 'hear them' and then – if we wish – we can defend our perspective, our ideas, our choices.

Influencers only have the power that we give them.

"Between stimulus and response there is a space.

In that space is our power to choose our response.

In our response lies our growth and our freedom."

- Viktor Frankl

"No one can make you feel inferior without your consent."

- Eleanor Roosevelt

#### Shortcuts to Remember Cialdini's Principles of Influence (formerly 6, now 7!)

- 1. **Reciprocity**: We feel obligated to return favors. For instance, if a sales person gives us something, we are more likely to say 'yes' to them.
- 2. **Scarcity:** We value things more if they seem scarce: this includes objects, information, food and opportunities.
- 3. Authority: We believe what experts say (the experts that we believe are 'trustworthy and credible').
- 4. **Commitment & Consistency:** People want to be consistent with what we've said or done in public.

  We are most likely to do what is consistent with what we've done in the past.
- 5. **Social Proof:** We trust the power of the crowd and like to be associated with popular things.
- 6. **Likability**: We like those who are like us. We say yes to people that we like by how they act or how they look. We are also more likely to say yes to people when we have things in common with them, receive complements from them, or share a cooperative endeavor with them.
- 7. **Unity**: What people have in common. "Inclusion fitness." Increased oneness and shared aspects of identity which reduces 'otherness' (Sue: one way to interpret our ubuntu nature ~:)

Based on Robert Cialdini's Influence: The Psychology of Persuasion - New and Expanded (2021)

For more information on this topic, see Resisting Influence on page xx.

# FAMILY & FRIENDS CULTURE GENES YOUR SENSE OF AGENCY AUTHORITIES COMMUNITY MEDIA

#### YOUR SENSE OF AGENCY and FEELINGS OF SELF-EFFICACY

Your belief in your ability to control your destiny. This includes creating and maintaining clear boundaries.

**FAMILY & FRIENDS:** Love and acceptance are influential. Alongside these important feelings, we may also feel a great deal of pressure to conform to the group, including traditions.

**CULTURE:** What society accepts as 'normal', status, roles: examples can include parenthood, age, physical abilities, gender, race, religion, character, employment, etc., and stuff: money, bling, cars, clothes, et al.

GENES: Clearly they influence us, but how much? And can we still write a new script for ourselves?

**AUTHORITIES:** Can include family and friends, teachers/classroom settings, employers, legal agents (lawyers, police, judges, elected and appointed politicians), and – recently – entertainers can fall into this category!

**MEDIA**: All forms of video: movies, news, commercials, games, All forms of audio: music, podcasts, advertising, talk radio, All forms of print: newspapers, magazines, books, ads and All social media.

**COMMUNITY:** Norms, language, 'word of mouth' information sharing, power of the group.

## Dr. Zimbardo's Hints About Resisting Unwanted Influences On You

- 1. Let go of illusions of 'personal invulnerability'.
- 2. Engage in life and think critically!
- 3. Be aware of Cialdini's principles. Look for attempts to persuade you.
- 4. Be okay with saying: 'I was wrong' and 'I've changed my mind.'
- 5. Separate your ego from your actions; laugh at yourself each day.
- 6. Be aware of wanting simple answers or short cuts!
- 7. Develop and learn to understand the vague feelings called intuition.
- 8. Play devil's advocate!

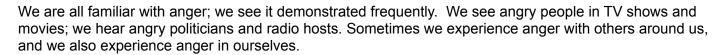
- 9. Think hard.
- 10. Reflect on when, where and why we have rules.
- 11. Insist on a second opinion
- 12. Consider possible situational forces before judging behavior as 'character'.



#### **Managing Anger**

Flying off the handle sometimes causes hammers and humans to lose their heads...as well as their effectiveness. ~ William Arthur Ward

Everyone gets angry.



People sometimes try to use anger to solve problems or to relieve stress...but that often creates more problems, more stress and even more anger.

We can't eliminate anger, but we can manage it. We can make it a useful tool instead of one that demolishes relationships and other things.

Anger is often glorified as a key to unlock hidden strength and passion. Anger feels powerful.

Power alone is not good or bad. We need to feel powerful to feel capable. Feeling powerful is an important element of our American cultural self-image. But power alone...without caring emotions such as reflection, kindness, and humility...can cloud our perception of situations, others, and ourselves.

When we feel painful emotions such as sorrow, or hurt, because we've been rejected, disrespected, offended, forgotten, etc., we can find ourselves feeling like we have a loss of power. To try to reduce our discomfort, sometimes we respond with a powerful emotion like anger.

It's hard for us to feel pain! We are 'wired' to go toward pleasure and away from pain. Anger feels like it stops pain - at least momentarily.

The process of dealing with painful emotions is very hard and requires a great deal of strength and self-control. We become more powerful, capable and intuitive as we develop deeper problem-solving skills and tools for life's constantly challenging situations. Used positively, anger can help us realize deeper feelings about things so we can construct ways to avoid anger in the future.

Processing anger-energy through 'venting' (to ourselves; not others!) can be beneficial for focusing on and clarifying a problem. If we can be critical and clear about what is going wrong, we can then drive ourselves to go deeper to get the picture of what it would look like to go 'right', and then we can make changes to turn the situation around. Once we deeply reflect on the situation, other people's points of view (if applicable), and our deeper feelings, then we can see what we can do to make things better. We can then show others how we'd like to be treated!

Many of us experience a great deal of discomfort when we disagree with others. Many of us were not taught the value of listening or engaging in friendly arguments or debates. We say we believe that another person's opinion can be as valid and 'right' as our own, but do we mean it? For *every* person? Believe it or not, it's possible for people with opposing view points to work together to create the best possible solutions!



Anger needs to be expressed, yet aggressive displays of anger can result in violent eruptions that further hurt us socially, mentally, and physically. We need to find ways to process our emotions effectively. An out-of-control outburst could cost us a job. Or worse.

A hammer is a great symbol for anger because hammers can demolish....and they can build!

When we feel our anger building we need to stop and recognize triggers that can seize control of our power.

#### When you feel anger building, try to remember to:

- Take a breath (or many!)
- Identify
  - o your TRIGGER (what upset you? And then look again...was it something deeper?)
  - o your FEELING (how do you feel about what is upsetting you?)
  - o your REASON (why does it bother you and what is the best way to resolve this?)

Then ask yourself some questions about how and when you get angry. Questions like:

- Do I always get angry about this issue?
- Could I have seen this coming?
- Could I have avoided feeling angry by taking a different approach to this situation?
- What is my goal here? What do I hope to achieve?

Blaming others for our anger or frustration seems like an easy way to solve our problem: we want to say that someone or something "did this to me". But blaming leaves us powerless and ineffective! How can we expect a situation to improve - in the way we would like to see it improve - if we put the task on someone else?

Did you know that no one else can *make* us feel angry? We <u>choose</u> to respond with blame and/or anger...and we can choose a different response. We are FREE to improve our relationships and live without rage when we decide to deal with our feelings in effective and purposeful ways.

# Consider deeply what makes you angry and why. DIG for the answer that will transform anger! Here are a few examples:

Why do I feel angry when others try to tell me what to do?

Do I feel disrespected? As if they think I haven't thought about something carefully?

Why do I feel angry when it feels like others don't listen to or acknowledge me?

Do I believe they think that my opinion is not valid or important?

Why do I feel angry when others are not respectful of an agreement we made?

Do I feel like they think I am less important than they are?

Why do I feel angry when I stub my toe?

Am I embarrassed because I missed something right in front of me?

Why do I feel angry when other drivers make travel difficult?

Do I feel they are selfish, dangerous, disrespectful, and not paying attention?

Can your find the solutions you are looking for in your answers?



#### Be aware of your temper: your 'anger energy'.

Here are some ideas to help you keep your temper under control:

- Try the Thermometer Technique Imagine your temper is red mercury in a large thermometer. When you're HOT, don't react! Wait until you are 'cool' to respond.
- Count to 10, or 100! Count...and think of a time when you were calm and relaxed....to take your mind out of the immediate situation. Counting is an anger management tip that has worked for centuries! The Roman poet Horace (65 8 BCE) said, "When angry, count ten before you speak; if very angry, one hundred."
- Inhale deeply Can you breathe so deeply that you get clean air deep down into your belly? Walk outdoors if possible! Your brain and your body work better with fresh air and plenty of water. Be sure to communicate with anyone you might be in a confrontation with that you are not leaving the problem; you're just clearing your head.
- Exercise! Daily exercise allows you to work out stress. When you have less stress, you will feel angry less often. Regular exercise, including yoga and meditation, help you stay centered and keep things in perspective.
- Vent Finding a safe spot to articulate your feelings...and maybe even yell (I find this particularly
  effective when I hammer my finger) can relieve enough stress to see the problem and the solution more clearly. Do not 'blow off steam' when anyone is nearby. Instead, go to the basement alone, or
  ride your bike and talk to the wind, or even stomp on a few aluminum cans to relieve frustration.

Our best way of dealing with anger is to find ways to make it useful. A powerful example is when someone uses the energy from anger to find the courage they need to protect someone who is being harmed!

**Be Careful - When anger turns into poison:** Sometimes we think that being angry and bitter all the time means we are smart, savvy and aware of the ways in which people and the media want to persuade us; as if it shows we are 'on to them'. Soon we are cynical, crabby people and, although people may think we are smart, they also think we are 'haters' and don't want to hang out with us. It's hard to have fun with angry people.

#### Sue's Anger Story

I live in a small town. We see our neighbors out and about and everyone knows I frequently ride my bike on the nearby bike trail. My dentist has an office just across the street from our bike trail and sees me on it all the time. He also likes to exercise outdoors; he runs.

One day I went to see my dentist for a routine check up. I enjoy talking with the staff when I'm there. When he checks my teeth we often 'catch up' for a minute, too.

After one of these friendly little chats, my dentist stood up and told me that his white coat identifies him as a health authority and said: "in the interest of health I have to tell you that I think you should wear a helmet".

I told him that I consider wearing a helmet sometimes, but most of the time I am comfortable - and prefer riding – without one.

I wish our discussion would have stopped right there.



Instead, he continued by saying "It's not like you're going to find a date out there." WHAT? I sat there, stunned, and thought: Did you just say that? To a paying customer??? Is that sexist, or just stupid?

Apparently he did not think that was enough because he went on to say: "My wife just broke her pelvis riding her bike. Of course, the helmet did not protect her, but if she would have hit her head it would have." REALLY??? Well, now I was outraged!!! I yelled at him in my mind: Your wife's injury has NOTHING to do with wearing a helmet! You don't even know what kind of a rider I am! You don't know that I have fallen a lot and I know HOW to fall!

Out loud I said "I know that you think you are showing me that you care..." but in my mind I thought: but I will never sacrifice my ability, confidence or strength to pander to your controlling and unjustified fears.

Even though I was piping mad, I held my tongue and went out for a bike ride. I talked sternly to myself - out loud - in to the wind. I may have cussed. I talked and talked ...to him...to me...to really work through my frustrations to understand WHY I was so angry and upset.

It all came flooding in: I was disrespected! I was treated like I was stupid! Like somehow being a dentist makes him a 'health authority' over me? Like I've never considered wearing a helmet before. Looking for a date? Really? He did not ask what I thought, he just told what he thought and expected me to comply.

So...what did I do? Well, it took me until my next appointment to decide.

I considered going in and talking with him. I also considered sending a letter stating that I was so offended that I will no longer be a patient. I considered making a point to have a talk with him the next time I go in for a check up. And then I considered saying nothing and just letting it go.

But wait! That answer was clearly *not* an option. I realized I needed to tell him that I want to be respected.

I mean, if I really want to resolve my anger - to eliminate this frustration of disrespect - well, then I must talk with him; to help him realize how to understand that 'caring' can feel an awful lot like 'controlling'. How could he know if he didn't hear my point of view? I realized he needed to hear how thin and lame his arguments were so he could see things differently, *and* respect that I am also a health authority...of me! I have been healthy for nearly all of my 50 years. So I resolved to discuss this with him during my next appointment.

I have also realized that the *KA-BAM* burst of 'anger energy' from my frustration would be best reserved for bike rides, walks and other forms of physical release.

I've been working on using my "angry energy" appropriately for most of my life. Every year my new year's goals are 'be kinder and more patient'. I will not need another resolution; I still have a long way to go. This is big, tough, complicated work!

The first step to managing your anger is to decide that your anger will no longer be used for demolition; that your feelings of anger will only be used to construct new, better alternatives to challenges! Then you're ready to fully utilize the many great anger management resources available to you.

I wonder if my dentist would have told me I needed a helmet if I rode to his office on a Harley.

Citizenship - Birth Certificate

Get a copy of your birth certificate, marriage license, and more.

In order to obtain certified copies of Vital Records, you must complete the above application and send it to the DVRA, or visit your local City or Town Clerk, and pay a search fee. The current fee is 15 dollars, plus any additional expenses incurred for credit card transactions. This fee is payable whether or not a record is found. Alternative pricing may be made for state agencies and federal government agencies for non-certified copies, or verification of vital events. Additional copies of the same record issued at the same time arė 10 dollars.

http://www.sos.nh.gov/vitalrecords/ELIGIBILITY.ht ml

Citizenship - Voting Rights

**ACLU Voting Rights and Restrictions** 

https://www.aclu.org/issues/voting-rights/voter-res toration/felony-disenfranchisement-laws-map?redir ect=maps/map-state-criminal-disfranchisement-la

#### **Employment - Workforce Development**

426 Union Ave, Laconia, NH 03246 Phone: (603) 524-3960

If you are looking for a job or thinking about changing careers, youll want to spend most of your time browsing within the Job Seeker category. Youll find directions to the nearest NH Works

Center on the website, too!

https://www.nhworks.org/job-seekers/

Family - Family Services

Directory of financial assistance for families. A wonderful resource! Family Resource Connection 20 Park Street Concord, NH 03301 Office Hours Monday-Friday: 8:00 am to 4:30 pm Toll-Free 1-800-298-4321 http://www.dhhs.state.nh.us/

**Food - Food Pantry** 

Find local pantries, soup kitchens, food shelves, food banks and other food help. https://www.foodpantries.org/st/new\_hampshire

#### Free - Free Stuff

Freecycle.org http://www.freecycle.org/

**Health - Department of Human Services** 

The New Hampshire Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) is the largest agency in New Hampshire state government, responsible for the health, safety and well being of the citizens of New Hampshire. DHHS provides services for individuals, children, families and seniors and administers programs and services such as mental health, developmental disability, substance abuse and public health.

Visit their website to find out more.

http://www.dhhs.nh.gov/

# **Citizenship - Department of Motor Vehicles** Division of Motor Vehicles

23 Hazen Drive

Concord, NH 03305

Telephone: (603) 227-4000

https://www.nh.gov/safety/divisions/dmv/driver-lice nsing/index.htm

#### **Employment - Licensing Information**

Visit this website for information about professional licensing and permits in New Hampshire.

http://www.nh.gov/itboard/home.htm

#### Family - Child Care

Find information about child care and early learning resources, child wellfare and other topics. http://www.nh.gov/nhsl/frc/directory.html

Family - Family Support Family Support New Hampshire (FSNH) is a coalition of Family Resource Centers and Family Strengthening Programs throughout New Hampshire that exists to encourage each other, to share best practices, and to better provide for Granite State families. https://www.fsnh.org/

#### Free - Free Phone

Assurance Wireless P.O. Box 5040 Charleston, IL 61920-9907 1-888-321-5880

Assurance Wireless provides eligible consumers with free monthly data, unlimited texting, free monthly minutes plus a free Smartphone. Lifeline enrollment is available to individuals who qualify based on federal or state-specific eligibility criteria. Residents of homeless shelters, nursing homes and temporary addresses may also be eligible. https://www.assurancewireless.com/lifeline-service s/what-lifeline

**Health - Alcoholics Anonymous** 

Welcome to AA New Hampshire, a state-wide recovery resource devoted to supporting the men and women of New Hampshire. AA New Hampshire helps individuals struggling with alcoholism find the help they need on a local basis. Discover New Hampshire Álcoholics Anonymous meetings per county or city, and take the next step to overcome alcohól addiction.

https://alcoholicsanonymous.com/aa-meetings/new -hampshire/

#### **Health - Department of Human Services** http://www.dhhs.nh.gov/index.htm

**Health - Free/Sliding Scale Clinic with Dental** Listings that can help low-income and uninsured people connect with a clinic or community health center in their area. These clinics offer free and discounted rates for medical and dental care. Our county listings include contact information, a listing of services and any further remarks that may be pertinent to our users, such as free services provided, discounted services provided and clinic operating hours.

https://freeclinicdirectory.org/new hampshire care

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http://www.dhhs.nh.gov/index.htm

**Health - Health Department** 

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https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/

**Money - Free Credit Report** 

Free credit reports authorized by federal law. Federal law allows you to get a free copy of your credit report every 12 months from each credit reporting company.

https://www.annualcreditreport.com/index.action

#### **Reentry Resource - Multiple Resources** Available

Search for benefits in Education, Grants, Loans, Social Security, Housing and Utilities, Employment and Career Development, Financial Assistance and

https://www.benefits.gov/categories

Shelter - Energy Assistance

Energy, heating, and fuel assistance program. http://www.nh.gov/oep/energy/programs/index.ht

Shelter - Housing Authority

Find a HUD location near you. https://www.hud.gov/states

Shelter - Low Income Housing

Mercy Housing Gives a Home to Low-Income Families, Seniors, Individuals, and People with Special Needs Nationwide. Our mission is to create stable, vibrant and healthy communities by providing affordable, service-enriched housing. https://www.mercyhousing.org/regional-offices/

Shelter - Low Income Housing

Find low income apartments in New Hampshire along with non profit organizations that help with low income housing along with HUD apartments, public housing apartments, public housing authorities, and housing assistance agencies. https://www.lowincomehousing.us/NH.html

#### Shelter - Transitional Housing

1-855-860-3119

Transitional, sober housing provides supportive housing along with drug and alcohol treatment for selective locations

.html

# Money - Finances/Budgeting 800.388.2227

Free Credit Counseling! Our mission is to help all Americans gain control over their finances. For over 60 years, NFCC and its member agencies have helped people just like you pay off debt and grow in their financial capability. Our services help people overcome financial challenges at nearly every stage of life.

https://www.nfcc.org/

#### Reentry Resource - Multiple Resources **Available**

Our findhelp technology powers Americas leading social care network. Our network features more than 300,000 free and reduced-cost programs in all 50 U.S. states, territories, and Puerto Rico, powering social care systems for hundreds of customers nationwide.

https://www.findhelp.org/find-social-services/new-h ampshire?ref=ab\_redirect

#### Reentry Resource - Multiple Resources Available

211 connects you with thousands of nonprofit and government services in your area. If you want personal assistance call the three-digit number 211 or 877-947-2211. A friendly voice to talk with you 24/7/365

https://www.211nh.org/

**Shelter - Homeless Shelter** 

The Homeless Shelter Directory provides listings for Homeless Shelters and Homeless Service Organizations around the country. This includes supportive resources.

http://www.homelessshelterdirectory.org

Shelter - Low Income Housing

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

451 7th Street S.W. Washington, DC 20410 Telephone: (202) 708-1112 TTY: (202) 708-1455

Find the HUD office near you!

http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD

Shelter - Low Income Housing

Housing Works fights for funding and legislation to ensure that all people living with HIV/AIDS have access to quality housing, healthcare, HIV prevention, and treatment, among other lifesaving services.

http://www.housingworks.org/

**Shelter - Shelters**We provide an online directory of shelters in New Hampshire.

https://www.shelterlist.com/state/new hampshire

Shelter - Transitional Housing

Transitional housing is supportive housing that helps fight homelessness. Find transitional housing in your state by clicking on the link! We have over 6,864 transitional housing locations in our database. We also provide as much information on each housing location along with

https://www.transitionalhousing.org/state/new\_hampshire

#### Special Considerations - Aging and Disability Resource Center ARDC

ServiceLink is a program of the NH Department of Health and Human Services. Through contracts with local agencies around the state, ServiceLink helps individuals access and make connections to long term services and supports, access family caregiver information and supports, explore options and understand and access Medicare and Medicaid.

https://www.servicelink.nh.gov/

### Special Considerations - Disability Support Clink on the link to find a large list of services and

Clink on the link to find a large list of services and resources!

https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/foryou/disabilities.htm

#### **Special Considerations - Sex Offense Reentry**

Derek Logue 2211 County Road 400 Tobias, NE 68453

Once Fallen is a leading reference and resource site for Registered Citizens. It also provides useful information to those seeking to reform or abolish the sex offense laws. Once Fallen answers hundreds of phone calls and letters, visits with legislators, assists registrants in connecting to available resources and support networks, and provides analysis research on sex offender laws FREE of charge.

https://oncefallen.com/

#### **Volunteer - Volunteer Opportunities**

We make it easy for good people and good causes to connect. We are a community that believes in the power of volunteering to enrich our lives and the world around us. Find locations to volunteer near you!

Virtual volunteer opportunities are also available - https://www.volunteermatch.org/virtual-volunteering

https://www.volunteermatch.org/

pictures.

https://www.transitionalhousing.org/

#### **Special Considerations - Disability Support**

Government agencies and disability rights organizations in New Hampshire.

https://www.olmsteadrights.org/self-helptools/advocacy-resources/item.7035-New\_Hampshire\_Disability\_Resources\_and\_Advocacy\_Organizations

#### **Special Considerations - Elders**

The Bureau of Elderly and Adult Services (BEAS) provides a variety of social and long-term supports to adults age 60 and older and to adults between the ages of 18 and 60 who have a chronic illness or disability.

https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/dcbcs/beas/

#### **Special Considerations - Veteran Support**

1 Minuteman Way Concord, NH

03301

(603) 225-1200

TDD Access: 1-800-735-2964

The mission of the State of New Hampshire Division of Veterans Services is to assist Veterans who are residents of New Hampshire or their dependents in securing all benefits or preferences to which they may be entitled under any state or federal laws or regulations.

https://www.dmavs.nh.gov/veterans-services



# **Employment Tips**

We often have to work our way up to the job we want; either because it is not available when we go to find it or we need more experience, education, preparation or time to get ready. Although we will spend time working at jobs that are not our preference, we can enjoy the interim more when we stay focused on our goals.

#### Start by asking yourself:

- What kind of job or career do I want?
- What am I willing to do, learn or sacrifice to get that job or career?

Before venturing out into the world of work you will have to obtain necessary documents.

The most frequently requested documents are:

- Birth Certificate
- Driver's license or Basic Identification
- Social Security Card

The birth certificate and driver's license forms offered in our Employment Documents are samples. You can find links to the applications that you need in our Resource Directory!

#### Next, ask yourself the following questions

- What occupations or industries in your area are in need of employees?
- What are your employment limitations due to your particular crime?
- What is the income you need in order to pay for housing, food, energy, phone, child support, restitution, transportation, etc? (check out our <u>Build a Budget Worksheet</u>)
- Which strategies do you think would be most effective for "selling" your attributes?

#### To prepare to apply for a job you may want to create the following worksheets:

- Inventory your work history in and out of prison
- List your training, skills, limitations, and health considerations
- Gather all the information you will need to fill out employment applications. Are you ready to fill them out online? (Several companies only accept online applications.)

#### Considerations and Preparation

What are your employment resources?

- Classified ads (in the paper or locally found on-line)
- Applying for jobs with companies you want to work for
- Job Assistance and Job Training centers
- Craigslist, Monster.com, other job-search websites

#### Skills Assessment and Personal Strengths Evaluation

Consider taking a free online self-assessment test help us see what careers we are suited for. If you type the phrase 'self-assessment test' into any search engine, several options will be available for you to check out.

#### Do you need clothes for your interview or new job?

Check out Dress for Success, a global program that may have a location near you! (www.dressforsuccess.org)



#### Resume' and Interview tips:

Two good places where you get the chance to show a company why they cannot afford NOT to hire you. Keep these tips in mind as you write your application or resume', and prepare for job interviews:

- Be cheerful in your in-person or telephone job interviews.
- Talk about the benefits of your experience and the relevant expertise you offer.
- Speak about the value you would bring to the company.
- Share stories in the job interview about success in prior assignments.
- Talk about your ability to work with a diverse group of people.

#### Typical Barriers to Employment:

- Lack of updated resume
- Appropriate clothing for job search
- Transportation
- Stable housing
- Substance abuse

- Poor interview skills
- Poor job search skills
- Not a high school graduate
- No documentation (ID, Social Security card)

#### SMART: What is your strategy for overcoming barriers and creating success?

You can create a clear strategy by following SMART guidelines:

Specific Measurable Attainable Realistic Timely (or Tangible)

**Specific** – what is the specific goal you wish to achieve?

Can you answer these questions?

- Who do you need to be involved?
- What do you really want to accomplish?
- When do you want to accomplish it?
- Where do you need to be to accomplish it?
- Why do you want to achieve this goal?
- Which things do you need to get in order and which are the constraints to achieving your goal?

**Measurable** – How will you know when you've achieved your goal? What criteria have you set up to measure your progress and reach your target dates?

**Attainable** – Can you see yourself achieving this goal? Can you see the path to get there and then see yourself in that place of having reached the goal?

**Realistic** – Are you willing and able to achieve the goal?

**Timely** – How long do you need to achieve your goal? Work out your goal date and then the smaller goals that must be met to meet that goal date?

**Tangible** – Imagine: can you taste, touch, smell, see or hear the results of achieving your goal?